Chapter 24

The Present Middle and Passive Participles

- **24.1** We met the Present Participle Active in chapter 20, and the Present Indicative Middle and Passive in chapters 22 and 23. Take some time now to review these chapters before proceeding.
- **24.2** Participles are verbal adjectives so they have masculine, feminine, and neuter forms. The Present Middle/Passive Participles are built on the Present Stem of the verb, and all follow the same general form:

	Masc.	Fem.	Neut.
r Nom.	STEM-ομενος	STEM-ομενη	STEM-ομενον
Acc.	STEM-ομενον	STEM-ομενην	STEM-ομενον
Gen.	STEM-ομενου	STEM-ομενης	STEM-ομενου
Dat.	STEM-ομενφ	SΤΕΜ-ομενη	STEM-ομεν φ
Nom.	STEM-ομενοι	STEM-ομεναι	STEM-ομενα
Acc.	STEM-ομενους	STEM-ομενας	STEM-ομενα
Gen.	STEM-ομενων	STEM-ομενων	STEM-ομενων
Dat.	STEM-ομενοις	STEM-ομεναις	STEM-ομενοις
	Gen. Dat. Nom. Acc. Gen.	Acc. STEM-ομενος Acc. STEM-ομενον Gen. STEM-ομενου Dat. STEM-ομενου Nom. STEM-ομενου Acc. STEM-ομενους Gen. STEM-ομενους	ar Nom. STEM-ομενος STEM-ομενη Acc. STEM-ομενου STEM-ομενην Gen. STEM-ομενου STEM-ομενης Dat. STEM-ομενου STEM-ομεναι Nom. STEM-ομενους STEM-ομενας Gen. STEM-ομενων STEM-ομενων

Contract verbs follow the rules of contraction, so $\alpha + o = \omega$ $\epsilon + o = ov$ o + o = ov

The Dinosaur Verbs, the -\mu family, also follow this pattern, so

διδομενος, $-\eta$, -ον = being given

ίσταμενος, -η, -ον = being stood

τιθεμενος, -η, -ον = being placed

Negation is with $\mu\eta$ Remember, $0\dot{\upsilon}$ is only used with the Indicative.

Practice - until you can read and translate easily

- 1. ὁ δεχομενος ύμας ἐμε δεχεται.
- Έγω εἰμι το Άλφα και το Ὠ, λεγει κυριος ὁ θεος, ὁ ἀν και ὁ ἠν και ὁ ἐρχομενος.
- 3. ὁ ὁυομενος ἐρχεται ἐκ Σιων.
- 4. δοξα δε και τιμη και εἰρηνη . . . τω ἐργαζομενω το ἀγαθον.
- 5. τα παιδια διδασκομενα ύπο του μαθητου

διαλογιζονται τον λογον του θεου.

- 6. προσδεχομεσθε τον Μεσσιαν τον έρχομενον;
- 7. εὐχαριστω τω ἰαομενω με κυριω.
- 8. οί βαπτιζομενοι ύπο του Ίωαννου τελωναι είσιν.
- 9. ὁ Ἰωαννης προσερχομενος προς τον οἰκον βλεπει τον Ἰησουν.
- 10. ὁ Ἰωαννης βλεπει τον Ἰησουν προσερχομενον προς τον οίκον.

The one receiving you, receives me.

(Matt. 10:40)

I am the Alpha and the Omega, says the Lord God, the one "being" (who is), and (who) was, and the one coming.

(who is to come). (Rev. 1:8)

The Deliverer comes out of (from) Zion.

Glory and honor and peace (be)

to the doer (of) good. (Romans 2:10)

The children being taught

by the disciple

are discussing the word of God.

Are you waiting for the coming Messiah?

Are you waiting for the Messiah who is to come?

I give thanks to the Lord who is healing me.

The ones being baptized by John

are tax collectors.

John, coming towards

the house, sees Jesus.

John sees Jesus

coming towards the house.

24.3 Sentences for reading and translation

- 1. οἱ ἀνθρωποι προσευχομενοι ἐν τῷ ἱερῷ Φαρισαιοι ἠσαν.
- 2. ὁ μη δεχομενος τον άγγελον του θεου οὐ δεχεται τον θεον.
- 3. ὁ ἐρχομενος ἐν ταις νεφελαις ὁ Μεσσιας ἐστιν.
- 4. βλεπω τον Ίησουν πορευομενον παρα την θαλασσαν.
- 5. οἱ ἐργαζομενοι το πονηρον ἁμαρτωλοι εἰσιν.
- 6. οί διωκομενοι ύπο των Φαρισαιων έκπορευονται έκ της Ίουδαιας.
- 7. οί μη ἀσπαζομενοι τους ἀδελφους οὐκ ἀγαπωσιν αὐτους.
- 8. ἀσπαζομεθα τους ἐρχομενους εἰς την συναγωγην.
- 9. ὁ Φαρισαιος βλεπει τον τελωνην προσευχομενον ἐν τφ ἱερφ.
- 10. ὁ ψευδομενος λήστης άγεται προς την φυλακην ύπο των στρατιωτων.

24.4 Writing Practice: Write the Greek text, while saying aloud (John 1:1-4)

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Έν ἀρχη ἠν ὁ λογος,
    και ὁ λογος ἠν προς τον θεον,
    και ὁ λογος ἠν προς τον θεον,
    και θεος ἠν ὁ λογος.
    απd the Word was with God
    απαντα δι' αὐτου ἐγενετο,
    αμα (things) happened (came into being) through him,
    χωρις αὐτου ἐγενετο οὐδε ἐν. (ὁ γεγονεν.)
    απαντα δι' αὐτου ἐνενετο οὐδε ἐν. (ὁ γεγονεν.)
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24.5 New Testament Passages for reading and translation: Matt. 10:40-42, Matt. 16:21-28 In your Greek New Testament, read the passages aloud several times until you can read them without long pauses or stumbling. Then use the helps to translate them.

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τον αποστειλαντα
                            The one having sent = he who sent ( Acc. Participle of ἀποστελλω - I send)
είς ὀνομα
                            in the name
                                                                   (το \dot{ο}vομα - name)
                                                                   (Future of \lambda \alpha \mu \beta \alpha \nu \omega - I get, receive, take)
λημψεται
                            he will receive
ός αν ποτιση
                            whoever gives a drink (of water) (Subjunctive of \pi \sigma \tau \iota \zeta \omega - I give a drink to)
ποτιση ποτηριον
                            gives a cup of water
ένα
                                                         (Masculine Accusative singular of \varepsilon i \zeta, \mu \alpha, \dot{\varepsilon} v - one)
των μικρων τουτων of the smallest/least of these
ψυχρος, -α, -ον
                            cold
ἀπολεση
                                                                   (Future of ἀπολλυμι - I destroy, kill, lose)
                            (he) will lose, destroy
άπο τοτε
                            from then
ήρξατο
                                                                   ( simple past tense of ἀρχομαι - I begin)
                            (he) began
δεικνυειν
                                                                   (an Infinitive of \delta \epsilon i \kappa \nu \nu \mu i - I show)
                            to show
ἀπελθειν
                            to go
πολλα παθειν
                            to suffer many (things)
                                                                   (an Infinitive of \pi \acute{\alpha} \sigma \chi \omega - I suffer)
των άρχιερεων
                                                                   ( ὁ ἀρχιερεύς - High Priest)
                            (from) the High Priests
γραμματεων
                                                                   (\dot{o} \gamma \alpha \mu \mu \alpha \tau \varepsilon v \varsigma - scribe, lawyer)
                            (from) the scribes, lawyers
ἀποκτανθηναι
                                               ( a Passive Infinitive of ἀποκτεινω - I kill, put to death)
                            to be killed
έγερθηναι
                                                         ( a Passive Infinitive of έγειρω - I raise)
                            to be raised
προσλαβομενος
                                                         ( a Participle of προσλαμβανομαι - I take aside)
                            having taken aside
ίλεως σοι
                            (May God be) Merciful to you = "Lawks a-mussie" = "God forbid"
ού μη έσται
                            (it) shall (certainly) not be
                                                                  (Future of είμι)
ὁ δε στραφεις είπεν but he, having turned around, said (στραφεις - participle of στρεφω - I turn)
τα του θεου
                            the things (thoughts) of God
                                                                  (\tau \alpha is neuter plural)
έλθειν
                            to come/go
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άπαρνησασθω let him deny (a Third Person Imperative of ἀπαρνεομαι - I disown, renounce) άρατω let him take up (a Third Person Imperative of $\alpha i \rho \omega$ - I take up, pick up) (an Infinitive of $\sigma\omega\zeta\omega$ - I save) σωσαι to save άπολεσει (Future of ἀπολλυμι - I destroy, kill, lose) he will lose, destroy εύρησει (Future of $\varepsilon \dot{\nu} \rho \iota \sigma \kappa \omega$ - I find) (he) will find ώφεληθησεται (Future Passive of $\dot{\omega}\varphi \varepsilon \lambda \varepsilon \omega$ - I gain, benefit) (he) will be profited, benefited κερδηση (a Subjunctive of $\kappa \epsilon \rho \delta \alpha i \nu \omega$ - I gain, win) he should/might gain, profit ζημιωθη he should/might lose, forfeit (Future Passive Subjunctive of ζημιοω) δωσει (he) will give (Future of διδωμι - I give) το ἀνταλλαγμα (something offered) in exchange έρχεσθαι (an Infinitive of ἐρχομαι) to come του πατρος αὐτου of his Father άποδωσει he will reward, repay, give back (Future of $\dot{\alpha}\pi o\delta i\delta\omega\mu i$ - I reward, give

back)

την πραξιν what someone does = the deeds, practice (Accusative of $\eta \pi \rho \alpha \xi i \zeta$) τινες some (people) (Nominative Masc./Fem. plural of $\tau \iota \varsigma$) των έστωτων (a Participle of ἰστημι - I stand) of the ones standing

οίτινες who (Plural, from $\delta \sigma \tau \iota \varsigma$ - Indefinite Relative Pronoun made from $\delta \varsigma + \tau \iota \varsigma$)

γευσωνται (they) may taste (a Subjunctive of γευομαι - I taste, experience)

ίδωσιν (they) may see

24.6 Vocabulary to learn

ἀπαρνέομαι I renounce ἀσπάζομαι I greet

βούλομαι I want, wish, plan

δέχομαι I receive, welcome, accept

διαλέγομαι I debate, discuss

διαλογίζομαι (hence "dialogue") I discuss, argue, reason

ἐργάζομαι I work, trade, bring about

ἰάομαι I heal, cure λογίζομαι I reckon, consider προσδέχομαι I wait for, expect

προσεύγομαι

προσκαλέομαι I call (to myself), summon, invite

ρύομαι I rescue, save, deliver ψεύδομαι I lie, tell a lie, am false αἴρω I lift, pick up, remove

πάσχω

(hence "Paschal" and "Passion", referring to Christ's suffering and death)

στρέφω I turn, turn around

φρονέω I think ἀφελέω I gain, profit

ό ἀρχιερεύς High Priest (do not attempt to use other cases yet) ό ἱερεύς priest (do not attempt to use other cases yet) δ γραμματεύς scribe, lawyer (do not attempt to use other cases yet)

စ်ပြေ here, in this place