## Dr. Shirley's Greek Courses

## Vocabulary

## Adjectives of the Third Declensions and Adjectives of the First and Third Declensions

Adjectives wholly of the Third Declension have only two sets of endings: the Masculine and Feminine forms are identical.

These are referred to as "Adjectives of Two Endings".

```
αληθης,

-ες - true

ασθενης,

-ες - weak

-ον - foolish, unthinking

πλειων,

πλειονος - larger, more

πληρης,

-ες - full

τεσσαρες,

-ων - four

τρεις,

τρια - three

-ες - healthy, whole
```

When there are different forms for the Feminine, they generally follow the First Declension, often with  $-\iota\alpha-$  added between the stem and the endings. These are referred to as "Adjectives of Three Endings"

```
άπας,
             άπασα.
                          άπαν all
                          \beta \alpha \theta u deep
\beta \alpha \theta u_S,
             βαθεια,
βαρυς,
             βαρεια,
                          βαρυ heavy
έlς,
                          Èν
                                 one
             μια,
             μεγαλη,
                          μεγα large, great
μεγας,
             πασα,
                          παν each, every
πας,
             πολλη,
πολυς,
                          πολυ much, many
ταχυς,
             ταχεια,
                            ταχυ
                                        quick
```

All participles ending in  $-\sigma\alpha\varsigma$   $-\sigma\alpha\sigma\alpha$ ,  $-\sigma\alpha\nu$  (First Acrist Active) are declined like  $\pi\alpha\varsigma$ ,  $\pi\alpha\sigma\alpha$ ,  $\pi\alpha\nu$